IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA		
ELECTRONIC PRIVACY INFORMATION CENTER Plaintiff,)))))	
v.	Civil Action No. 12-CV-00667-CKK	
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION,)))	
Defendant.))	

Exhibit N

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOI/PA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET FOI/PA# 1226796-0

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Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) for Case Squads requesting Cell Phone Tracking assistance during "Exigent Circumstances"

danger of death or serious physical injury to a person. Our threshold for utilizing the below procedure is that the situation demands immediate action to prevent death or serious bodily injury.		
Step 1.	b7E	
Step 2.		
SKP 2. /		
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Step 3.	
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Step 4.	7
	b3 b7E
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Step 5.	b 6
Step 54	b7C b7 E
Step 6.	
	b7E
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Step 7.]	b7E
	1	
Step 8.	b7E	
Step 9.		
Step 10.		
Step 11.	b7E	
*** Recommendations: Any case squad that foresees the use of Cell Tracking should:		
a. Be familiar with the sample Pen Register/2703(d) Orders.b. Pro-actively meet with their perspective AUSA's and discuss the specifics of the		
Order. c. Ensure squad members are familiar with the use of the Pen Registers.		b7E
•		
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GSM Cell Phone Tracking For Dummies StingRay,	ь6 ь7с
Prior to tracking, answer the following questions:	ьз
2. 3. 4.	b7E
5.	
6. 7. 8. 9.	
10	J
Prior to starting un the Stineray	ь3
STEP 1	ь7Е
STEP 2	
Turn StingRay system on.	
STEP 3	b3 b7E
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STEP 4	
	b3 b7Е
STEP 5	
STEP 6	
	b3 b7Е
STEP 7	_
	b3 b7E

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STEP 8			
			b3 b7E
			b3 b7E
STEP 9			b 3
			b7E
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Important Reminders:	
1.	b3 b7
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Revision: 10/26/2005	 b6 b7
CDMA Cell Phone Tracking For Dummies StingRay,	b3 b3
CDMA TECHNOLOGY IS RESPONSIBLE FOR APPROXIMATELY 50% OF THE CELL PHONE BUSINESS IN THIS COUNTRY. THIS APPLIES PRIMARILY TO SPRINT, VERIZON, VIRGIN (PREPAID PHONE) AND A FEW OF THE SMALLER CELL PHONE COMPANIES.	
Prior to tracking, answer the following questions:	
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	b3 b7E
Prior to starting up the Stingray system	
STEP 1	ъ3
	b7E
STEP 2	
Turn StingRay system on	

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STEP 3	b3 b7E
STEP 4	
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STEP 6	
	b3 b7E
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STEP 8		
STEP 9		

STEP 10	•		
STEP 11			
STEP 12			b3 b7E
STEP 13	· ·		
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Important Reminders	
1. 2.	b3 b7E
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4. 5. 6.	
7.	
8. 9. 10. 11. 12.	
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Overview



- DOJ's Policy on Cellsite Simulators: Pen Register Device (18 U.S.C. 3127(3))
 - BEST PRACTICES
- Emergency Pen Register Authority
 - Federal v. State Orders
 - Voluntary Disclosures
- Prospective Cell Site Location data
 - Distinguished from WITT
- GPS/Triangulation from provider
- Protecting Sensitive Techniques
 - Use as evidence
- Loan of ELSUR Policy
 - Using State Orders
 - Liability-scope of authority

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DOJ Opinion:



DOJ : Pen/Trap order	

to use a Pen Register Device to obtain "signaling information" transmitted from a cellular telephone to:

- 1) Identify a target phone or
- 2) Locate a phone

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WITT Pen Register— BEST PRACTICES



BEST PRACTICES:

e PR/TT order to authorize use of WITT gear —	
1. authorize installation & use	
2. Advise of potential	\perp
·	



Disruption of Service



		_
_	47 U.S.C. § 333 prohibits interference with cellular frequencies	
_	18 USC 3124: requires that a pen register be implemented with	
	"minimum of interference" to those accorded service-	
· _		



Purge

Data



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rights & Minimize	data	preserve 1st Amendment



Data Retention



- Maintaining/Purging "Pen" data?
 - -WITT policy EC 268-HQ-1068430:

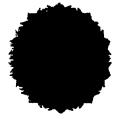
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Emergency Provision 3125(a)(1)



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DOJ command Center	
OEO (business hours)	
Emergencies involving:	
 Immediate danger of death or serious injury or immediate 	
threat to a national security interest	
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- MIOG, Part 2, 10-10.7.1	b7E
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Alternative authority



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Consent (18 USC 3121(b)(3))	
Voluntary Disclosure by Provider (18 USC 27	
provider "reasonably believes that an emerg	gency
involving immediate danger of death or seri	ous physica
injury to any person justifies the disclosure	of: <u>"a recor</u>
or other information pertaining to a subscrib	oer or
customer of such service."	
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WITT Function vs. Location (Tower/Sector) data from Provider



WITT doesn't collect Cell site data



WITT equipme	ent:	



Guidance



AND Use a PR/TT ord	er for WITT gear	
1		
2. Advise of		
3. Not retain	records	



4th Amendment Privacy Interest



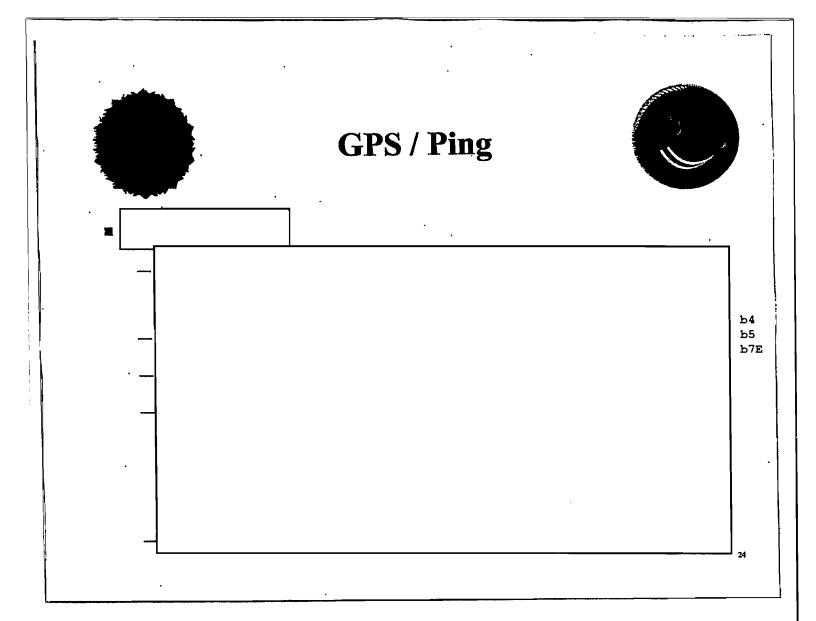
(1979).		•	Maryland, 442 U.S.	
 no legitimate expectation In re Digital Analyzer and a party's own teleptoluntarily exposed an 442 U.S. 735, 742-45 (found "[n]o logic shone number (or id known to other	al distinction known all distinction betw ESN number), all s. 885 F. Supp. at	ngly conveyed to a een telephone numb of which are regula 199 (<u>citing Smith v</u>	ers called rly Maryland,
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4th Amendment Privacy Interest



See Kyllo v. United States, 533 U.S. 27 (2001) (use of thermal imager to measure heat emitted from nome constituted a search in part because there was no objective reason for the home owner to know that a device would be routinely used to detect and measure heat emitted from his home).			
be routinely used to detect and measure near emitted from its nome).	•	constituted a search in part because there was no objective reason for the nome owner to know that a device would	
		to the state of th	
		be routinely used to detect and measure near emitted from his nome).	





GEOLocation Data—E911



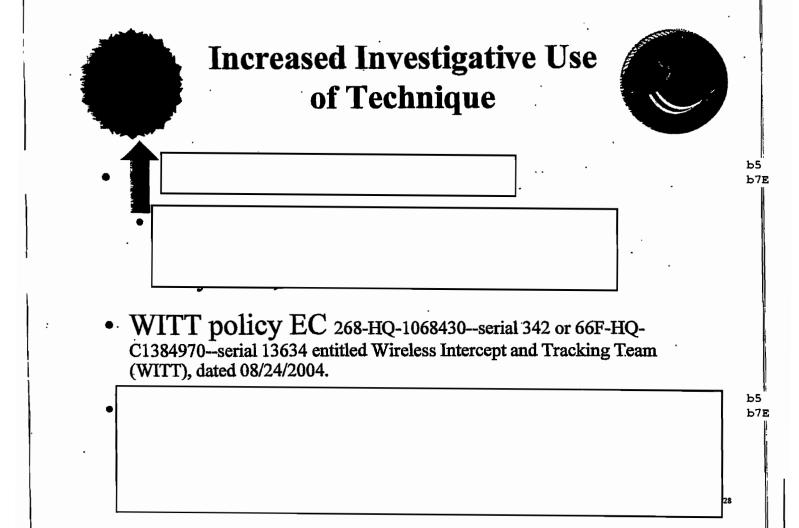
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Court order: 2703(d)



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2703(d) orde	er—		
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Cellular Tracking as Evidence



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Protecting Sensitive Techniques



- <u>Qualified</u> Government Privilege in Non-disclosure based on <u>Roviaro v. United States</u>, 353 U.S. 53 (1957): disclosure of identity (and testimony) of informant.
 - Generally technique, type of device, location of install, etc. is protected
 - unless Defense can establish disclosure is necessary to defense, I.e., no other/adequate means to cross-examine/test evidence; if so:

	then Balancing of interests	
•		
•	see also Jayme S. Walker "The qualified privilege to protect sensitive investi	gative

<u>see also Jayme S. Walker</u> "The qualified privilege to protect sensitive investigative techniques from disclosure," LEB Vol 69 NO.5 at 26 (May 2000).



LOAN of ELSUR: STATE Authority



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TOPICS

- General discussion and DES/OTD policy discussion
- Law Enforcement Sensitive (LES) what is it and why is it important
- Pen Register/Trap and Trace and WITT
- ELSUR support for State and locals
- Other topics as time permits



General Operational Guidelines

Science & Technology Law Unit

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OTD Policy

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Science & Technology Law Unit



Law Enforcement Sensitive

- Law Enforcement Sensitive (LES) collection devices, systems, techniques, and related information are not to be disclosed. Only the product of the technical operation is disclosed.
- Examples: WITT equipment is LES; CART SOPs are LES.



WITT

- WITT = Wireless Intercept Tracking Team
- WITT doesn't intercept; and
- WITT doesn't track



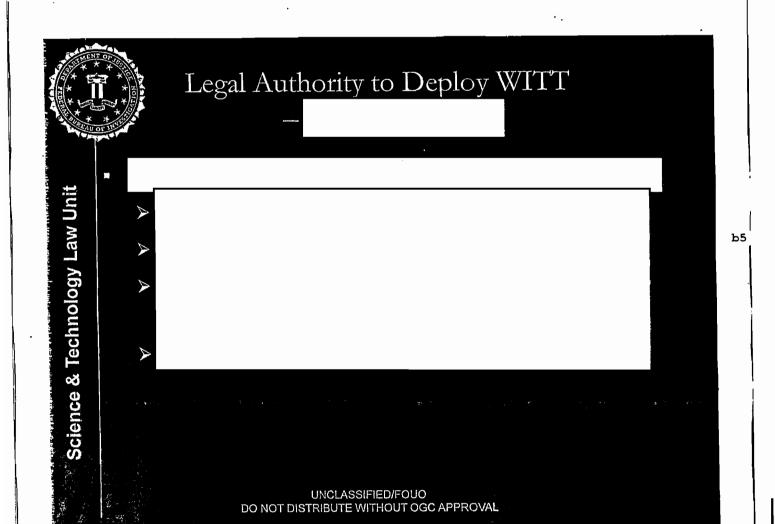


Legal Authority for use of Pen Register Trap and Trace - Summary

- Besides 18 USC § 3121 3125 (... relevant to an ongoing criminal investigation ...)
- PRT&T captures "... dialing, routing, addressing, and signaling information
- WITT
- WITT is not
- 18 USC § 3121 states, "... no person may install or use a PRT&T device without first obtaining a court order ..." (CALEA)
- The FBI may not use WITT without an order.

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Legal Authority to Deploy WITT

• When is a Rule 41 Search Warrant necessary? (Probable cause standard)



The Requesting Agency shall <u>certify</u> that: (5.c)

- Technical Assistance will be used lawfully.(5.c.1)
- Shall not be used outside of its jurisdiction. (5.c.2)

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Procedures for field office approval for technical assistance (6)

 The CDC <u>shall</u> review the request, the certification(s) and supporting court order and other legal process.(6.1.a)



Title III vs. Pen/Trap

Pen/Trap (non-content:

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• Title III – content of communications

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- (2) THE USE OF FBI ELECTRONIC SURVEILLANCE EQUIPMENT IN JOINT CASES WHERE STATE AND LOCAL LAW. ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES OBTAINED AUTHORITY FOR ITS USE (SEE MIOG, PART 2, 10-10.3 (8).) (RCU)
- | (a) A JOINT CASE, for purposes of this section, is an investigation in which there exists significant FBI interest in the subject or subjects of a local investigation and substantial FBI investigative resources have been utilized and/or will be utilized in the planned investigation with the local agency. (RCU)
- | (b) FBIHQ authority MUST be obtained prior to any use of FBI electronic surveillance equipment or personnel in furtherance of any order or authority obtained by state or local law enforcement agencies. Should approval be granted for such use, the pertinent local or state order or authority MUST contain specific language authorizing FBI participation and specifying whether the assistance is for installation, monitoring, or whatever is required. (RCU)
- (c) In requesting FBIHQ authority, the field office is to set forth the following information: (RCU)
- 1. A synopsis of the investigation conducted to date by FBI and the local agency involved, to include the date the FBI
- case was opened, as well as when the joint investigation was initiated. (RCU)
- | 2. the specific SAC comments as to the value of the assistance to the FBI investigation and extent of federal control | over local electronic surveillance. (RCU)
- | 3. the exact nature of equipment to be utilized and technical assistance required, and whether the equipment is on | hand in the requesting division. (RCU)
- | 4. the specific comments of the equipment and the ability of the | local agency to properly utilize technical equipment requested. (RCU)
- | 5. that the local agency has valid legal authority under state or local law to conduct the electronic
- | surveillance for which equipment will be utilized, to include citation of the specific statute; (RCU)
- 6. that the Chief Division Counsel or the Assistant U.S. Attorney has reviewed the affidavits and orders to be
- | filed and concurs in their sufficiency; and, (RCU)
- 7. that FBI policy in limiting disclosure as set forth in Part 2, Sections 10-10.13 and 10-10.16, of this manual, will
- | be honored in any subsequent local proceedings. (RCU)

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SENSITIVE BUT UNCLASSIFIED NON-RECORD		
Per your request	ъ6 . ъ7С	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
The policy verbage reads:	•	·
Title 47 United States Code- TELE	GRAPHS, TELEPHÓNES, ANI	D RADIOTELEGRAPHS
CHAPTER: 5-:WIRE OR RADIO CO	OMMUNICATIONS	
SUBCHAPTER III-SPECIAL PRO	VISIONS RELATING TO RADI	o .
Part IGeneral Provisions		
Sec. 333. Willful or malicious interf	erence	·
No person shall willfully or maliciou licensed or authorized by or under	sly interfere with or cause inte this chapter or operated by the	ference to any radio communications of any station United States Government.
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SENSITIVE BUT UNCLASSIFIED		

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