

FOR PUBLICATION

**UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS
FOR THE NINTH CIRCUIT**

ANNA J. SMITH,
Plaintiff-Appellant,

v.

BARACK OBAMA, in his official
capacity as President of the United
States of America; JAMES R.
CLAPPER, in his official capacity as
Director of National Intelligence;
MICHAEL S. ROGERS, in his official
capacity as Director of the National
Security Agency and Chief of the
Central Security Service; ASHTON
CARTER, in his official capacity as
Secretary of Defense; LORETTA E.
LYNCH, Attorney General; JAMES B.
COMEY, in his official capacity as
Director of the Federal Bureau of
Investigation,*
Defendants-Appellees.

No. 14-35555

D.C. No.
2:13-cv-00257-
BLW

ORDER

Appeal from the United States District Court
for the District of Idaho
B. Lynn Winmill, Chief District Judge, Presiding

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SMITH V. OBAMA

Argued December 8, 2014
Submitted March 15, 2016
Seattle, Washington

Filed March 22, 2016

Before: Michael Daly Hawkins, M. Margaret McKeown,
and Richard C. Tallman, Circuit Judges.

SUMMARY*

USA FREEDOM Act

The panel held that Anna Smith's claims challenging the ongoing collection of her metadata under section 215 of the USA PATRIOT Act (expired but revived by the USA FREEDOM Act of 2015) were moot, and remanded to the district court for their dismissal; and remanded Smith's remaining claims for the district court to determine whether they are moot, and if not, to resolve the claims in light of an intervening change in the law.

* This summary constitutes no part of the opinion of the court. It has been prepared by court staff for the convenience of the reader.

COUNSEL

Peter J. Smith IV (argued) and Lucas T. Malek, Smith & Malek, PLLC, Coeur d'Alene, Idaho; Cindy Cohn, David Greene, Hanni Fakhoury and Andrew Crocker, Electronic Frontier Foundation, San Francisco, California; Jameel Jaffer, Alex Abdo and Patrick Toomey, American Civil Liberties Union Foundation, New York, New York; Richard Alan Eppink, American Civil Liberties Union of Idaho Foundation, Boise, Idaho, for Plaintiff-Appellant.

H. Thomas Byron III (argued); Joyce R. Branda, Acting Assistant Attorney General; Benjamin C. Mizer, Principal Deputy Assistant Attorney General; Wendy J. Olson, United States Attorney; Douglas N. Letter and Henry C. Whitaker, Civil Division, United States Department of Justice, Washington, D.C., for Defendants-Appellees.

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Bruce Brown, Katie Townsend and Hannah Bloch-Wehba, Reporters Committee for Freedom of the Press, Arlington, Virginia; Kevin M. Goldberg, Fletcher, Heald & Hildreth, PLC, Arlington, Virginia; Rachel Matteo-Boehm, Bryan Cave LLP, San Francisco, California; David M. Giles, The E.W. Scripps Company, Cincinnati, Ohio; Peter Scheer, First Amendment Coalition, San Rafael, California; Lynn Oberlander, First Look Media, Inc., New York, New York; Barbara W. Wall, Gannett Co., Inc., McLean, Virginia; Karole Morgan-Prager and Juan Cornejo, The McClatchy Company, Sacramento, California; Charles D. Tobin, Holland & Knight LLP, Washington, D.C.; Mickey H. Osterreicher, Buffalo, New York; Jennifer A. Borg, North Jersey Media Group Inc., Woodland Park, New Jersey; Michael Kovaka, Washington, D.C.; Kathleen A. Kirby, Wiley Rein LLP, Washington, D.C.; John B. Kennedy, James A. McLaughlin and Kalea S. Clark, The Washington Post, Washington, D.C., for Amici Curiae Reporters Committee for Freedom of the Press and 17 Media Organizations.

Charles S. Sims, Proskauer Rose LLP, New York, New York, for Amici Curiae Senator Ron Wyden, Senator Mark Udall and Senator Martin Heinrich.

ORDER

Anna Smith challenges the collection of her metadata pursuant to § 215 of the USA PATRIOT Act of 2001, Pub. L. No. 107-56, sec. 215, § 501, 115 Stat. 272, 287-88. That section expired on June 1, 2015, but was revived by the USA FREEDOM Act of 2015, Pub. L. No. 114-23, tit. I, 129 Stat. 268, 269–77 (2015) (codified at 50 U.S.C. § 1861). The USA FREEDOM Act prohibits any further bulk collection of tangible things pursuant to § 1861 after November 28, 2015. *See id.* § 103, 129 Stat. at 272; *see also id.* § 109(a), 129 Stat. at 276.

On November 24, 2015, the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court (“FISC”) approved the government’s request to retain already collected metadata for two limited purposes. Opinion & Order, *In re Application of the FBI for an Order Requiring the Production of Tangible Things*, No. BR 15-99 at 1–2 (FISC Ct. Nov. 24, 2015). First, for a period ending on February 29, 2016, the court authorized limited access to the metadata by technical personnel to verify the completeness and accuracy of call detail records produced under targeted production orders issued by the FISC after November 28, 2015. *Id.* at 6–7. Second, the court permitted the government to retain the metadata for litigation purposes after February 29, 2016, subject to conditions set out in an earlier order. *Id.* at 7–8.

On January 8, 2016, the government filed in the FISC a report expressing its view that, although the USA FREEDOM Act mooted claims for prospective injunctive relief (i.e., requests to halt bulk collection pursuant to § 1861), it did not moot claims for retrospective relief (i.e., inventory and destruction of already collected metadata). Report Describing

the Government's Assessment Whether the End of Bulk Collection Has Mooted Claims of Certain Plaintiffs, *In re Application of the FBI for an Order Requiring the Production of Tangible Things*, No. BR 15-99 at 1, 6–7 (FISC, filed Jan. 8, 2016).

We hold that Smith's claims related to the ongoing collection of metadata are moot and vacate and remand for their dismissal.

As for Smith's remaining claims, including her request that the government purge all of her metadata collected pursuant to § 1861, we remand this case for the district court to determine whether they are moot and, if they are not, for the district court to resolve them in light of the intervening change in law. Each party shall bear its own costs on appeal.

VACATED AND REMANDED.