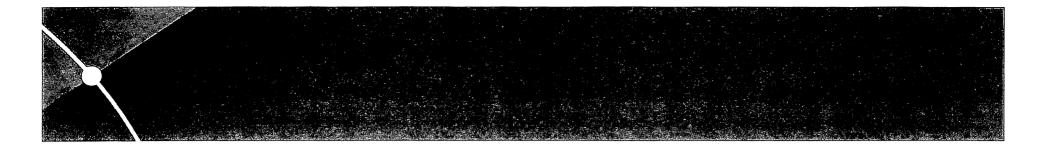
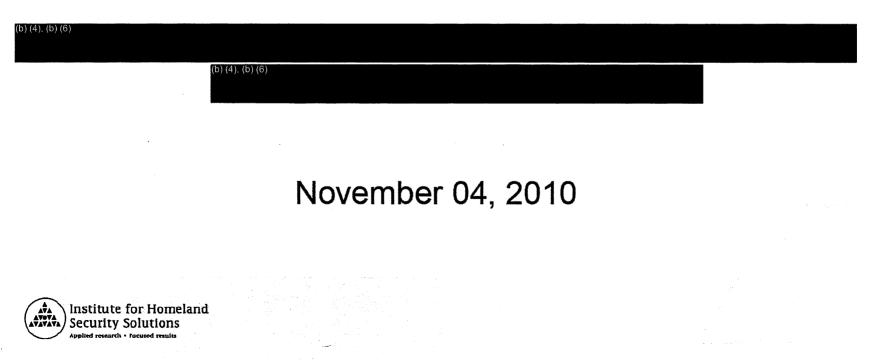
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Science and Technology Directorate Inventory Sheet, Interim Response 1 FOIA 2015-STFO-051

Record Number	Number of Pages	Title of Record	Record Date	Exemption
		Slide Deck: Modeling of Organizational		
1	16	VIMS	11/4/2010	4,6
		Project Synopsis: Public		
		Perceptions of National Security		
2	13	Technology Panel	11/4/2010	4,6
3	13	Draft Literature Review	10/15/2009	4,6
4	23	Final Draft VIMS Literature Review	12/1/2009	4,6
	23	Final Dialt VIVIS Literature Review	12/1/2009	4,0
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Modeling of Organizational Violence Violent Intent Modeling and Simulation (VIMS)





VIMS Background



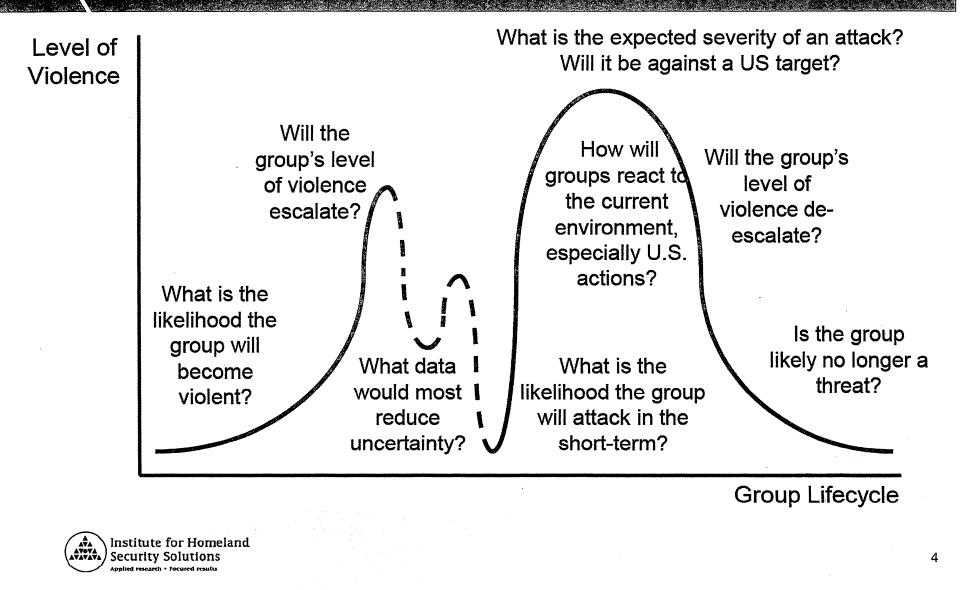
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VIMS: Background

- R&D sponsored by Human Factors Division at DHS S&T
- Initial work conducted by DoE laboratories
- Transitioned to IHSS in 2008
- Objectives of VIMS 2.0:
 - Incorporate social science theories into intelligence analysis
 - Design a system that follows the intelligence analyst (IA) workflow
 - Build a system architecture that is ready for the analyst desktop
 - Generate models to interpret motivations of violent groups and identify key predictors of violence escalation



Potential Utility of VIMS for IA Decision Support





VIMS Modeling



Modeling Challenges

- 1. Produce models that will help analysts assess risks group and organizational violence
 - Use social science theories to assist analysis in understanding potential scenarios
- 2. Produce models that would help analysts to forecast future violence outcomes

Violence against humans

- Violence escalation/de-escalation
- Violence initiation/cessation



Four Types of Models

- Measurement models

- How do we measure certain constructs from available data?
 - Variable passports and text analytic tools

- Exploratory models

- What does the data show us?
 - data reduction, descriptive analyses, and correlation analysis

- Criteria-based models

 Based on Social Theories what is a set of criteria that is associated with violence? How to interpret them?

Predictive models

 Can we predict (and if yes how well) violence outcomes such as attack timing, targets and fatality?



Publicly Available Datasets Used in the Analysis

Data has been provided by START center at the University of Maryland

- Minorities at Risk Organizational Behavior (MAROB)
- Global Terrorism Database (GTD)
- The Big Allied And Dangerous (BAAD)
- Terrorism in Western Europe: Events Data (TWEED)



Criteria-based Models

Objectives

Identify the best set of variables (criteria) associated with violence

- Outcome: violence against people

Data

 MAROB (113 minority organizations in Middle East and North Africa)

Variable selection process

- Theory-based bivariate associations
- Variable crosswalk
- Multivariate associations
- Tiers 1 and 2



Criteria-based Models

Between-group comparison Which of the groups show most threat?

· · ·································	Organization Number									
Criterion	2 4 1 10	2 -	3	- 4	5	6		8	9	10
Total events per million pop				S. 17-0		and the second second				
Organization legal										
State treatment of organization										
Foreign state nonviolent military support										
Military wing		Single -								
Inter-organizational conflict			Ne Regel							
Organization advocates exclusion of women							202853			
State violence										
Organization received support from Diaspora				1. IN 10 1						19
Violent intra-organizational conflict	1. A.		10 3 3 to						and the	Carrier Star

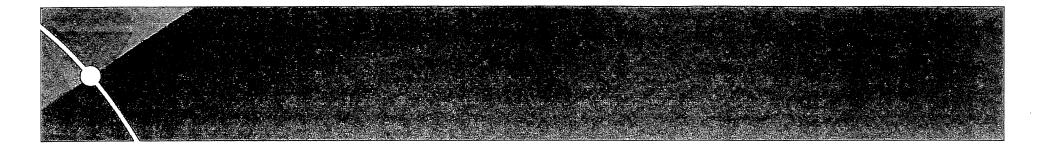
Within the group comparison

- Is a group moving towards violence or away from it?

Finding similar groups

- Which groups in the past are similar to the one of interest?





Example



Example Objective and Approach

- Objective: Group 37 is violent in 1999, what are the expected trajectories over the next 5 years?
- Approach: Identify similar groups in earlier years (e.g., 1993) and examine what happened to them in the ext several years.



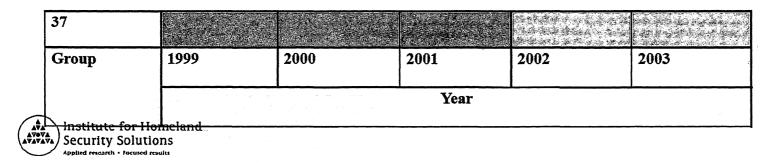
Finding Similar Groups

	Year								
Group	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997				
38		V							
39	T.				5				
40	\mathbb{V}^{*}	V	V.						
72	V	V.	V						
80			Ŵ						
96	Varian (V.							
98		No.	V.						



Finding Similar Groups (Red=Violent, Green=Non-violent)

Group 38	Year							
	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997			
39								
40								
72								
80					l ge anne de la companya de la compa			
96								
98					and a second second I all a second se			



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