## epic.org Electronic Privacy INFORMATION CENTER

February 8, 2017

The Honorable Lindsey Graham, Chairman The Honorable Sheldon Whitehouse, Ranking Member U.S. Senate Committee on the Judiciary Subcommittee on Crime and Terrorism 224 Dirksen Senate Office Washington, DC 20510

Dear Chairman Graham and Ranking Member Whitehouse:

We write to you regarding the Subcommittee's investigation into Russian efforts to influence democratic elections in the United States and abroad. EPIC has an active interest in this effort. We welcome your leadership on this critical issue and look forward to opportunities to work with you and your staff.

EPIC is a public interest research center established in 1994 to focus public attention on emerging privacy and civil liberties issues.<sup>1</sup> EPIC is also a leading advocate for civil liberties and democratic values in the information age. EPIC is currently pursuing two Freedom of Information Act lawsuits to learn more about the Russian interference in the 2016 Presidential election.<sup>2</sup> EPIC filed these FOIA suits because we share the Subcommittee's goal; "to the fullest extent possible," to "shine a light on Russian activities to undermine democracy."<sup>3</sup>

In *EPIC v. FBI*, EPIC seeks to understand the FBI's response to the Russian interference in the 2016 Presidential election. The FBI is the lead federal agency for investigating cyber attacks by criminals, overseas adversaries, and terrorists."<sup>4</sup> Nonetheless, questions were raised about the failure of the FBI to adequately investigate the attacks on the nation's political institutions.<sup>5</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See About EPIC, EPIC.org, https://epic.org/epic/about.html.

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> EPIC v. ODNI, No. 17-163 (D.D.C. Jan. 25, 2017); EPIC v. FBI, No. 17-121 (D.D.C. Jan. 18, 2017).
<sup>3</sup> Press Release, Sen. Lindsey Graham, Chairman of the Senate Judiciary Subcomm. on Crime and Terrorism, and Sen. Sheldon Whitehouse, Ranking Member, Joint Statement on Subcomm. Investigation into Russian Efforts to Influence Democratic Elections (Feb. 2, 2017),

https://www.whitehouse.senate.gov/news/release/whitehouse-graham-to-launch-bipartisan-investigation-into-russian-influence-on-elections.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> *What We Investigate, Cyber Crime*, FBI.gov, https://www.fbi.gov/investigate/cyber; Directive on United States Cyber Incident Coordination ("PPD 41"), 2016 Daily Comp. Pres. Doc. 495 (July 26, 2016) (setting forth the FBI's legal authority for cybersecurity threat response).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Ellen Nakashima & Adam Entous, *FBI and CIA Give Differing Accounts to Lawmakers on Russia's Motives in 2016 Hacks*, Wash. Post (Dec. 10, 2016), https://www.washingtonpost.com/world/national-security/fbi-and-cia-give-differing-accounts-to- lawmakers-on-russias-motives-in-2016-

EPIC is therefore pursuing FBI records to help the "public. . . . evaluate the FBI response to the Russian interference, assess threats to American democratic institutions, and to ensure the accountability of the federal agency with the legal authority to safeguard the American people against foreign cyber attacks."<sup>6</sup>

In *EPIC v. ODNI*, EPIC is seeking the release of the complete ODNI report on the Russian interference with the 2016 election. A limited, declassified version of the report was published on Jan. 6, 2017.<sup>7</sup> This report stated that Russia carried out a multi-pronged attack on the 2016 U.S. Presidential Election to "undermine public faith in the US democratic process." The report also states that "this version does not include the full supporting information on key elements of the influence campaign." However, as EPIC makes clear in the complaint, "there is an urgent need to make available to the public the Complete ODNI Assessment to fully assess the Russian interference with the 2016 Presidential election and to prevent future attacks in democratic institutions."<sup>8</sup>

There are upcoming federal elections in Europe. The French national election is scheduled for April 23, 2017. The German national election is September 24, 2017. Russian attacks on democratic institutions are expected to continue.<sup>9</sup> The U.S. Intelligence community has reportedly shared the classified ODNI report with European governments to help limit Russian interference with their elections.<sup>10</sup> The public need to understand Russian efforts to influence democratic elections cannot be overstated.

We will keep the Subcommittee apprised of the documents we receive in our FOIA cases and we look forward to working with you on the cybersecurity risks to democratic institutions.

Sincerely,

/s/ Marc Rotenberg Marc Rotenberg EPIC President <u>/s/ Caitriona Fitzgerald</u> Caitriona Fitzgerald EPIC Policy Director

Enclosures

hacks/2016/12/10/c6dfadfa-bef0-11e6-94ac- 3d324840106c\_story.html.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Complaint at 7, *EPIC v. FBI*, *supra* note 2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Office of the Dir. of Nat'l Intelligence, *Assessing Russian Activities and Intentions in Recent US Elections* (2017), https://www.dni.gov/files/documents/ICA\_2017\_01.pdf [hereinafter Declassified ODNI Assessment].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Complaint at 3, *EPIC v. ODNI*, *supra* note 2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Declassified ODNI Assessment, *supra* note 7, at 5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Martin Matishak, U.S. shares hacking intel with Europe as Russia shifts focus, POLITICO Pro (Feb. 6, 2017).